NATIONAL TRIBUNE.

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SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT. MONEY sent us, otherwise than by regis-

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AGENTS,—We employ no agents. THE

NATIONAL TRIBUNE has many volunteer canvassers, and they are generally honest and
faithful; but persons who confide their subscriptions to them must be their own judges
of their responsibility. The paper will be sent
only on receipt of the subscription price.

ADDRESSES, RENEWALS, ETC.—Addresses will be changed as often as desired,
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Rollicited from every section in regard to Grand Army, Sons of Veterans, Pension, Military, Agricultural, Industrial and Household matters, and letters to the Editor will always receive prompt attention. Write on one side of the paper only. We do not return communications or manuscripts unless they are accommended. CORRESPONDENCE. - Correspondence or manuscripts unless they are accompanied by a request to that effect and the necessary postage, and under no circumstances guarantee their publication at any special date.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE,

WASHINGTON, D. C., JANUARY 7, 1897.

SAMPLE COPIES.



TRIBUNE to those who are not subscribers to the paper, but who should be interested We ask every one who receives a copy to give it careful examination, and compare it with other family weeklies. We are sure they will find it a better paper for themselves and families than any other that field. It will be a grand thing if we they can find. It is a superior paper in every other publications in the country by the higher quality of the matter it turnishes its renders. It spends more money in getting up a paper of the highest possible class than any other, and all matter which appears in its columns is written especially for it. It has no "boiler plate" stuff or syndicate matter. It is bright, live, able, progressive, and independent. It serves no party, and has no entangling alliances with any men or faction. It aims only to represent the loyal, working, progressive people of the country, to tell the truth of history, and champion the cause of the men whose valor and blood made the country as great and

The paper should be in every family, and we ask all who read this to not only subscribe for it themselves, but to endeavor to get others interested in it. It costs but \$1 a year-two cents a week-and so is within the reach of everyone. No other paper in the country gives so much of the best reading matter for the money.

Address all communications to THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C.

ARTICLES FORTHCOMING.

THE VERMONT BRIGADE IN THE WILDERNESS. By Brevet Maj.-Gen L. A. Grant, commander of the brigade and late Assistant Secretary of War.

SEVEN PINES. By Maj.-Gen H. Plaisted, formerly Lieutenant-Colonel of the 11th Me, and afterward Major-General of

FIRING ON FORT SUMTER. A thrilling story of a young Ohio mechanic who was in Charleston at the time, and was compelled to join the rebels, but who afterwards escaped and served three years in a Union regiment. IN AND OUT OF CHARLESTON. Bu R. O. B., a young Connecticut man, who was caught in Charleston at the opening of

REMINISCENCES OF GETTYSBURG By Jas. Fulton, M. D., New London, Pa. SABERS AGAIN TO THE FRONT. An Account of the Cavalry Raids around Corinth. By Birney McLean, 2d Iowa Cav. THE KANAWHA DIVISION AND ITS

CAMPAIGNS. Incidentally of the Military Services of Maj. Wm. McKinley. By R. B. Wilson, Toledo, O. REBEL DEFENSE OF FORT WAGNER.

N. Y. Eng. CHATTANOOGA, LOOKOUT MOUNT

AIN, AND MISSION RIDGE. By Col. Lyman Bridges, Chief of Artillery, Fourth Corps, San Leandro, Cal.

BRARY, being a sketch of the Life of comes under the following sections of the These are majestic creations-grand, Admiral Farragut, is now ready. This Revised Statutes: is a historical gem, and ought to be in the possession of every lover of American history. The description of the Capture of New Orleans, Attack on the fight with the rebel ram Tennessee are pen-pictures of absorbing interest. It will be sent postage prepaid upon receipt of five cents per copy.

"THE STORY OF CUBA," being No. 9 who faithfully served according to his enlistin the issue of THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE LIBRARIES, is of more than passing interest. You ought to have a copy, so that you may be posted on the history of the struggle on that island, in case the United States becomes involved in a war with Spain. Price five cents. -

SOME FUN OF THE WAR.

Do you want a handful of old chestnuts? Do you want to laugh again at the stories you laughed at during the If so, send 5 cents at once for No. 15 of THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE LABRARY, Illustrated. Out this week.

THERE are now 14 numbers issued of THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE LIBRARY-A series of historical and statistical textbooks. The whole set will be sent for 60 cents, or any six numbers for 25

SPECIAL NOTICE.

An erroneous report has gone abroad that THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE is to be discontinued. This was a great shock to the hundreds of thousands throughout the country who read the paper weekly, who love and honor it, and to whom it has become almost a household necessity. Nothing of the kind has been contemplated. Arrangements are now being considered by which the paper will be continued exactly as heretofore, under virtually the same men and management as for the past 12 years. It is expected that it will be improved and have a stronger life and more vigorous usefulness than ever. All its readers are confidently assured that it will neither be discontinued nor let down a particle from its present high standard.

The question of the exact limit of the relations of the Sons of Veterans to the Grand Army of the Republic can perhaps afford to wait. We are confident that time and the progress of events will settle it in the right way,

and the way that we would all have it

THE SONS OF VETERANS.

settled.

The main thing now is to do all that we can to help build the Order up on its present basis to the greatest possible numbers and corresponding usefulness. This is everything. We want every comrade to become fully imbued with the idea that it is necessary for the country to have strong Camps of the Sons of Veterans in every community, and that this is even more necessary for us as members of the G.A.R. The best security for the country will be found in raising the membership of the Order to 1,000,000 or more. It will be the finest legacy we can leave to the Nation, and

splendidly supplement our services in the

can say to the country: "We, whose arms and self-sacrifice saved this Nation, and laid its foundations of prosperity deep and secure; we who have been the bulwark of law, order, and loyalty since the war, now a we pass away leave in our places our own sons organized into a powerful Order, pledged above all things to maintain what we gained, and to continue the country's progress unchecked toward the highest development of greatness

Let every comrade consider it his duty to encourage the Sons of Veterans in every way that he can by word and example. This will have the best possi ble effect. Let us all remember that Our best friends are our own sons.

THE CASE OF DESERTER LINTON. Considerable commotion has been stirred up by the discovery that W. H. Linton, one of the Bryan Electors of the victory is won. It is sure that this THE BATTLE OF FAIR OAKS, OR Kansas, was a deserter from the 32d Ohio, and has not had the stigma re- it will be will depend solely upon the moved. It appears that he enlisted Nov. 28, 1864, as a substitute in Co. C, 32d Ohio, and deserted June 12, 1865. He went to Missouri in 1868, then to Colorado, and finally, in 1878, located in Kan- relief to at least 200,000 comrades whose business. He lives on a farm near mill of the Pension Bureau. Cherryvale, Kansas, and has been quite Trader and Postmaster to Hominy he can to get his neighbors and acquaint-District and County Committees, and an active worker. He is credited with having greatly helped to bring about etc. By James H. Harold, Lieutenant, 1st | the fusion between the Democratic and Populist parties,

It was at first thought that his record would disqualify him from acting as Elector, but an examination of the law No. 14, NATIONAL TRIBUNE LI- does not sustain this view. His case

Sec. 1996. All persons who deserted the in sentiment. Both will at once become or naval service of the United Stat and did not return thereto or report themselves to a provost-marshal within 60 days after the issuance of the proclamation by the President, dated the 11th day of March, 1865, Port Hudson, Battle of Mobile Bay and are deemed to have voluntarily relinquished and forfeited their rights of citizenship, as are to those States. We have published well as their right to become citizens; and such deserters shall be forever incapable of holding any office of trust or profit under the LIBRARY, so that any one can get a United States, or of exercising any rights of citizens thereof. Sec. 1997. No soldier or sailor, however,

> ment until the 19th day of April, 1865, and who, without proper authority or leave first obtained, quit his command or refused to serve after that date, shall be held to be a deserter from the army or navy; but this section shall be construed solely as a removal of any disability such soldier or sailor may have incurred, under the preceding section, by the loss of citizenship and of the right to taken or held to be a deserter from the army or navy who faithfully served according to his enlistment until the 19th day of April, 1865, and who, without proper authority or leave first obtained, quit his command or refused to serve after that date; but nothing therein contained shall operate as a remission of any forfeiture incurred by any such soldier or sailor of his pension; but this section shall be construed solely as a removal of any disability such soldier or sailor may have in-curred by the loss of his citizenship in con-

sequence of his desertion. It will be seen at once that he escapes the legal disabilities by having served

until April 19, 1865.

The Supreme Court has decided in the case of Kurtz vs. Moffit, (115 U.S. 501,) that the disabilities can only apply to a man who has been actually convicted of desertion. This rule has been followed by the State Courts in a number of instances.

However, while he thus escapes legal disability to hold office, the fact that he did not render faithful service for six months prior to May 1, 1865, prevents him from receiving any benefit from the Act of March 2, 1889, and the acts amendatory thereto. He cannot receive an honorable discharge from the War Department, and thus become eligible to a pension, membership in the G.A.R., etc.

And though the technicalities of the law shield him from the consequences of his act, he is morally just as blamable as though he had suffered all the pains and penalties. The bare, disgraceful facts are that he evaded going into the war for years, while all the young men of his neighborhood were loyally responding to their distressed country's call; that almost at the close of the struggle he was tempted in by a big bounty; that he probably never rendered the Government a cent's worth of ser vice, and that he deserted at the first opportunity.

Yet probably this man has in one way or another crowded out of employment many gallant veterans who stood at the front during long, terrible years that he skulked at home, and who were as faithful and devoted as he was false and selfishly cowardly.

It is monstrous that such a man should be honored by his community, and given places of trust and profit by the President of the United States.

THE SERVICE PENSION.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE is in the fight for a Service Pension to stay until is only a question of time. How long unanimity and earnestness of the comrades in demanding the measure. We hope to get it through early in the extra session. If so, this will bring welcome sas, where he went into the mill and grain | cases are now grinding through the slow

Let every comrade go to work for this prominent on the Democratic side in measure. Let him begin by taking THE politics. Cleveland appointed him Post | NATIONAL TRIBUNE, and doing all that Post. Osage Nation, and he has been for ances to do the same. It is the strongest years member of the Democratic State, friend the measure has, and is doing more for it than any other. It is power in moulding public sentiment in its favor. Let each comrade try to get at least one additional subscriber for it. This will help along immensely.

> SEE in another column the announcement of two new State songs-"Fair Ohio" and "O, Glorious Pennsylvania." sonorous, catching music, and exalted widely popular, and be to Ohio and Pennsylvania even more than "Maryland, My Maryland," and "Illinois' these songs in THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE copy for five cents. Send at once for a copy, so as not to be behind your nighbors, who will all have them.

IMPORTANT TO ALL CLIENTS OF GEORGE E. LEMON.

This is to announce that hold office, in consequence of his desertion.

Sec. 4749. No soldier or sailor shall be taken to preserve all their proper steps will at once be rights and to save delay in the prosecution of their claims. In a few days each client will receive a circular letter of advice. giving full explanation and instructions.

interested should WAIT for the said circular of instructions and be guided thereby. They all rest assured their claims will be prosecuted faithfully and diligently, and no de-He has still another legal benefit. Lay ensue therein.

THE Rev. J. Diaz, the Cuban Baptist missionary, whose release from the Spanish clutcher was secured by Hoke Smith, has made a proposition which should received attention. He shows a regular commission, sealed, signed and delivered by President Cisneros, of the Cuban Republic, and he offers to conduct any agent whom President Cleveland may designate directly to the seat of the Cuban Government, and into the presence of President Cisneros, as easily and with as little loss of time as he could go to trying to get to President Cisneros, it miles long, and from 50 to 100 miles done wonders in Kansas in making the would not be a total loss, for we have wide, or may times larger than the naked prairies blossom as the rose, and several men that we could spare very famous Rand in South Africa. In this they are now "standing up for Kansas," conveniently, and THE NATIONAL in plain sight are limitless quantities of as valiantly as they once stood up for TRIBUNE would take pleasure in nam- rich ore, some running as high as \$270 the country on the battlefield, and they ing them.

SENATOR C. W. BEALE, of Nebraska, has written to Gov. McIntyre, of Colorado, asking that the Legislature of the latter State cause to be built at Denver a depositary for silver bullion, against which certificates can be issued Mr. Beale then proposes to introduce a bill in the Nebraska Senate to promote the use of these certificates as money. It is far from clear what he hopes to accomplish by this. The Constitution prohibits the States from making anything but gold and silver legal tender, and though a State may receive the silver certificates for taxes, otherwise they will be matters of merchandize, and have but a very limited circulation.

HOKE SMITH has emerged from obscurity long enough to express th fear that "McKinley will blight hi Administration." Hole is an experi on blighting Administrations, but he need not bother about Maj. McKinley's He won't have anything to do with it, thank the Lord.

Ir every man worth \$100,000 were eliminated from the country we would have precisely the same row that is now going on about the "plutocrats." I France, where the Government has been completely and confessedly in the hands of the middle class the "Bourgeoisie ever since the establishment of the Republic, they have exactly the same trouble. The Bryanites there fight the Bourgeoisie" with a vindictiveness that is beyond expression. The Anarchists, Socialists, and all that class hate the small shopkeepers, the farmers, the professionals, the better class of work ingmen, and all those who are industrious and thrifty with much more fury than they hated "les aristocrats" 100 years ago. And, it must be confessed, the "Bourgeoisie" pay them back with interest. When it comes to a clash of arms the "Bourgeoisie" show no mercy, as was exemplified in their suppression of the Commune. While the Communists were on top in Paris they killed and burned without stint. When the "Bourgeoisie" got their innings they massed the Communists in Pere la Chaise by thousands and swept them away with

REV. JOSEPH H. BRADLEY, D. D. late Chaplain of the 10th N. Y. Cav., is an earnest advocate of a reorganization and improvement of the Chaplain service of the Army. At present each Chaplain is a law unto himself, and carries on his TENS OF work as he pleases. There is no unity of effort, no comprehensive system, no comparison of results. Dr. Bradley would have the Chaplains in a regular staff organization, with a head, similar to those of the other staff bureaus. There would thus be a supervision over all, they would be subject to detail, they would work together upon a general plan, and the results of each man's work would be known. The idea seems a good one, and is worth considering to There will probably be some attempt at legislation this Winter on the matter.

THE New Jersey comrades are making commendable efforts to secure the erection of a suitable Home for veterans, their wives, widows and widowed mothers. Last year a commission was appointed to draft a suitable bill, which is now before the Legislature, and Commander Stahl has made an urgent appeal to all comrades in the State to use In the meantime, all persons every endeavor to influence their Senators and Representatives to vote for it.

> WE have printed a second and revised edition of "The Story of Cuba," No. 9 of THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE LI-BRARY. The chronology of the struggle is brought down to date.

FARES TO THE NATIONAL ENCAMP.

At its meeting Dec. 25, 1896, the Trunk Line Association, which covers the eastern part of the country, authorized the rate to the National Encampment of one first-class fare for the roundtrip. The ticket will be good going from Aug. 21 to 23, and returning from Aug. 24 to Aug. 31.

Probably the usual stop-overs and extensions will be granted.

to the ton. On Juneau Island, which is part of the tract, are situated the famous | ful State the cloud that now hangs over Treadwell mines, which are believed to it. be the richest mines in the world. The expedition explored only that portion in United States territory, but the deposit continues into British country. A great deal of gold has already been taken out by crude placer mining, but this is but a slight skimming of the mass. Unfortunately, the country around is bleak and barren, which will produce nothing in the way of food, and all provisions and supplies have to be brought from Washington, Oregon and California, at great cost for transportation. Capital will, however, speedily rush in there and insure the production of immense quanti-

SENOR JANE, a merchant of Habana, has a dead sure way of whipping the United States into immediate submission to the views of Spain. He wants his brother merchants to join him in raising a fund of \$200,000 with which to hire well-known Anarchists in the United States to devastate the leading cities with dynamite. He is certain that a few days of their work will bring us to our knees, begging for mercy. Probably Senor Jane is not a reader of THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE. We trust that somebody who is will tell him for us, in good Spanish, that he is about making the mistake of his life. There would never be but one dynamite explosion. After that the only safe place for anyone suspected of being an Anarchist would be behind the thick walls of a penitentiary. There would be a grand hunt for that kind of beasts, and as fast as caught they would disfigure the nearest lamp-

No. 4. THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE LIBRARY, tells you of the total amount paid for pensions from 1861 to June 30, 1895, and the amount paid to the bondholders for the same period. It also contains other valuable information upon the subject of pensions, and gives figures and tables compiled from official sources that you want to know. The title of the booklet is "Pension Statistics," and sells for 5 cents per copy.

THE Republican press of Kansas is Populistic calamity howlers who have so terribly injured the State. This is sensiable as well as patriotic. While Kansas has suffered in common with the rest of the country on account of the hard times, and also on account of troubles peculiar to the region, she still in very much better shape than is true of the eastern half of the State, THE expedition sent out last Spring | which is doing as well as any portion of by the Geological Survey, under the the United States. A large portion of Habana. It would not be a bad thing leadership of J. E. Spurr, to explore the the people who migrated to Kansas for President Cleveland to accept the gold regions of Alaska, has returned were exceptionally intelligent, forceful, proposition. Even if Mr. Diaz is mis- with the report that the United States industrious and thrifty. They were taken, and we should have two or three possesses there the richest mines in the mainly discharged Union soldiers and "Paramount Commissioners" shot in world. The belt is not less than 500 fine types of the class. They have

> DURING the recent campaign the Texas Populists did the community a splendid service by showing up the way the ring managers use the State school fund for political purposes. They alleged with the greatest earnestness, and offered to furnish proof that the Mexican vote, along Rio Grande, which is essential to the ring's success, was secured by pay- on the battlefield, he was the type of a highing ignorant Mexican heelers as school teachers. These could not teach school if they would. Many of them are entirely ignorant of the English language. The white men in that portion of the country dare not complain openly, for been a member of the Nashville Fire Departfear of the knife and the torch.

will succeed in lifting from their beauti-

BRYAN's flat failure on the platform at Atlanta has given a very black eye both to his hopes of achieving wealth in listed as a musician in the 5th U. S. Cav. for a the lecture field, and of continuing as the leader of his party for the next four years. Free Silver is a song that has been sung to death. The people want to hear another tune.

Compliments. I believe that THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE was the main spoke in the wheel which elected Comrade McKinley. It does me good to read the letters from the old boys in the paper, telling what they did to gain the great victory .- M. A. WEAVER, Alma, Mich. THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE is the best paper printed in the United States. It is

the soldier's friend. I am going to do all that I can for the Service Pension Bill.— Chas. King, Three Oaks, Mich. If the "old boys" would read and look at the work THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE is doing

for us, they would all subscribe, and all have the money ready to renew when their time expired.-H. W. Clingman, Christian, THOSE having THE NATIONAL TRIB-

INE LIBRARY, sets 1 to 6, certainly want the next, 6-7 to 12. Sent 25 cents for the set.

TRIBUNETS.

San Francisco Argonaut: A Washington man, who suspected a colored man in his employ of tampering with his private stock of whisky, allowed the demijohn to become empty, and, instead of filling it up again, put the liquor in bottles in a cupboard, and labeled them "Poison." One night as he came home from the theater he caught the colored servant in the act. Seizing the bottle in mock terror, the empleyer exclaimed: "Great heavens! Do you know what you are doing? Don't you see that what that bottle contains is marked

YOU COMING ARE

TO THE

Inauguration of Maj. Wm. McKinley?

THOUSANDS OF VETERANS ARE.

Every Comrade Wants To

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE WILL HELP YOU TO A TICKET.

There is a general desire on the part of people all over the countryand especially of veterans and sons of veterans-to be present at the Inauguration of Maj. Wm. McKinley as President of the United States. It will undoubtedly be the greatest Inauguration ever witnessed in this country. Gen. Sickles promises to be present at the head of 10,000 veterans, and thinks the number ought to greatly exceed that.

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE will help everyone who desires to come in the way of getting a first-class round-trip ticket free. All it asks is that a club of subscribers be raised proportionate in size to the distance of the place from Washington. This will be an easy way for anyone who desires to come to secure his transportation. In every community there are numbers of veterans and sons of veterans who want to take THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE, and will do so if they are asked.

Let anyone who wants to come to the Inauguration, at once write to us for terms and sample copies, to begin canvassing. With the two papers he will have little trouble in providing himself with a ticket. We have furnished thousands of tickets in the past to those desiring to attend National Encampments and other gatherings, and everybody has been satisfied. Write at once to

THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE. Washington, D. C. 1729 New York Ave.

'Poison'?" The colored man held it off and looked at it. Then he smelled it, and with a trying its best to shame into silence the look of melancholy, replied: "Taint poison sub. I'se done been fooled agin." " How dare you tamper with it, whether you know it was poison or not?" "Boss, it was dis a-way. F'um de way you acted 'bout dat demijohn in de cellar I done thought yoh had yoh s'picions ob me, an' it made me melumcholy, fo' sho' I'se been tryin' for mes' two weeks to commit snicide out'n dat bottle."

A short man with the remains of a "jag" wandered into the Midland, says the Kansas City Journal, and asked for a typewriter's generally believed. This is particularly studio. He lives in Kansas, and had been winning bets on the football games. He wanted to stay another week, but his wife expected him home, so he was in search of a letter to serve as an apology for his non-appearance, "Kansas City, this date, '96," he muttered to the typewriter. "I have that." "My dear wife." "Yes." "Very important business will require my presence in Osawatomie for a few days-" "Let's see," interrupted the artist; "how do you spell that Osawatomie?" "Spell it yourself; it's your typewriter." "I can't." "Can't spell Osawatomie?" he asked in disgust. "No." 'Then I'll go to Fort Scott."

PERSONAL.

Col. Ashley W. Cole, who was recently appointed to an important office in New York, served through the war as an enlisted man in the 10th N. J. He gets his title as Colonel from his command of the 10th N. Y. N. G.

Col. Thomas Wentworth Higginson was 73 years old last week, and he has now so nearly recovered from the serious illness that affected him on his last birthday anniversary, and for months afterward, as to be able to follow his usual pursuits.

Dec. 30 Gov.-elect John Riley Tanner, of Illinois, was married at Springfield, Ill., to Miss Cora Edith English, and they left for the South, whence they will return in time for the languration, Jan. 11.

Boston Record: Few braver, more honest and loyal men have ever lived than Col. T. E. Barker, of Maiden, whose death occurred recently. In the quiet walks of life, as well as minded gentleman.

MUSTERED OUT. Veterans of the Country's Grandest Arms

Who Have Answered the Last Call. KENNEY .- At Nashville, Tenn., Oct. 9, John Kenney. Deceased was a member of Geo. H. Thomas Post, 1. He had for a number of years

ABEND,-At Zumbrota, Minn., Nov. 14, of paralysis, Lewis Abend, 5th U. S. Cav. and 165th Pa., aged 64. Comrade Abend was born in the Province of Garlitz, Prussia, and came to America in 1850 at the age of 18 years. He worked at farming until 1857, when he enterm of five years. After completing his full term of service in this regiment he was honorably discharged at Harper's Ferry, Va., Sept. 18, 1862. He again enlisted Oct, 28 in the 165th Pa. for nine months. When his enlistment expired he joined a New York cavalry regiment, and served until the end of the war. He was in 20 important battles, and was only once wounded. It was during the war that he met Miss Harriet Crowley, and on Aug. 18, 1863, at Carlisle, Pa., they were married. She was an Army Nurse, and continued in that capacity until the close of the war, when they moved to Minnesots. For six months they made their home at Red Wing, and then moved onto their homestead in Zumbrota Township, where they resided for 31 years. Comrade Abend was a prominent (J.A.R. man, and a member of Post

HARDING.—At Lexington, Neb., Nov. 10, of heart disease, Capt. Harding. Co. B. 9th Ind. Deceased was in the service over three years, and was severely wounded by an exploding shell. The funeral was conducted by Reno Post, 112, of which he had long been a mem-

McCollum.-At Uhrichsville, O., Nov. 15, Wm. McCollum, First Lieutenant, Co. B, 161st Ohio, aged 66. The comrade was stricken with apoplexy in the Post-room. He was taken home, and lingered in an unconscious

condition till the next evening. Welch Post 422, attended the funeral. BIERCE, At Ravenna, O., Oct. 17, Phile Bierce, Battery A, 1st Ohio L. A., aged 52. Comrade Bierce enlisted early in 1861. At Blythe's Ferry, Tenn., just preceding the siege of Knoxville, his battery became engaged with one of the enemy. The Federals were stationed in a hollow, considerably lower than the posi-tion occupied by the Confederates, who at first did not lower their guns sufficiently to do any harm to the Union boys. Directly, however, the balls and shells commenced coming at a

lower elevation, and then came the command to lie down. It was while in this position, reclining on his side, that he was struck with a shell, which lifted him bodily in the air. The deadly missile took off his left leg below the knee, terribly shattering his left arm, and so injuring his right leg by concussion as to cause the ultimate loss of the calf. When picked up, it seemed a matter of a few hours, at the longest, ere his name would be added to the list of the dead. His leg was amputated as soon as possible, his other wounds dressed, and he was left in charge of an attendant in a rude shanty improvised for the occasion. He was then taken to the field hospital in Nashville, where, four weeks later, his left arm was amputated very near the shoulder. Only the careful nursing of a devoted sister saved his life. Comrade Bierce was an enthusiastic G.A.R. man. He leaves a widow and two children.

PLUMER.—At Lexington, Mass., recently, Capt. William Plumer, 1st Co. Mass. S. S., aged 73. He leaves a widow and four daughters. COLLINS.—At Pomeroy, Wash., Nov. 10, Michael Collins, Co. D. 1st U. S. Cav. Comrade Collins enlisted June 21, 1863, as Corporal, and was honorably discharged June 21, 1868. He was buried at Lewiston, Idaho.

HARDING-At Lexington, Neb., recently, of heart failure, Capt. J. W. Harding, Co. B, 9th Ind., aged 62. Comrade Harding was a member of Reno Post, 112, of Lexington. He was a most genial, whole-souled and patriotic citizen, and well beloved by his comrades. King,—At Beaver Center, Pa., Dec. 7, Hiram D. King, 11th Pa., aged 60. Comrade King

came to his death by drowning. He had been in feeble health for some time, and for a few days his mind had been unsettled. He was a member of John W. Patton Post, Springboro, Pa. He was uumarried. Burial was at Springboro, Pa., his native place.
PROCTOR.—At Rome, Ill., Dec. 10, Alfred S. Proctor, aged 76. Comrade Proctor was a Ser-

geant of Co. C. 86th Ill. He enlisted Aug. 13, 1862. In the Fall of 1864 he received a commission as Captain of a company in the 57th U. S. colored troops. He was wounded at Perryville, Ky., and Resaca, Ga. He was a member of Chillicothe Post, 136, G.A.R., of Illinois, and was laid to rest by the comrades of the Post. MANLEY.-At Wellsville, O., Nov. 10, of Bright's disease, Thomas Manley, Co. K, 52d U. S. C. T., aged 65. He was a member of Henry Cope Post, 237 DIMICK.—At Bayard, Iowa, recently, of dis-

Co. B, 13th Vt., aged 80. Henderson Post, 196, of which he was a member, detailed pall-bearers. HORINE.—At Bayard, Iowa, July 7, Samuel r. Horine, Co. D. 86th Ill., aged 63. Comrade Horine was a charter member of Robert Henderson Post, 196, which conducted the funeral services according to the ritual of the G.A.R. CARTER.-At Urbana, Ill., Dec. 8, of disease contracted in the service, M. V. B. Carter, Co. E, 13th Ohio. Deceased was an honored member of Black Eagle Post, 129, which conducted the funeral service. Resolutions were passed at

ease contracted in the service, Walter C. Dimick.

the last Post meeting. COATS.—At Edgewood, Mich., Nov. 21, Francis A. Coats, Co. E, 1st Mich. Engs., aged 78. Comrade Coats enlisted in 1861 to serve three years. He was buried by Theodore Nelson Post, of which he was a member. He leaves widow and two daughters.

ADAMS.-At Centreton, N. J., Nov. 23, Andrew Adams, Sergeant, Co. C. 4th U.S. Cav., aged 70. Serg't Adams was in the Regular Army 13 years. He enlisted for the civil war June 13, 1860, and was wounded in the battle of Chickamauga, Sept. 19, 1863. He leaves a widow and one son.